Socialization of Environmental Impact Analysis (Amdal) on Manganese Mining Activities by PT. Elga Asta Media in Loloda Islands District, North Halmahera Regency

Saiful Hi. Soleman^{1*}, Sudiar Kokoda²

1,2 Study of Law at the University of Muhammdiayah, North Maluku, Indonesia

* Corresponding Author:
Email: solemansaiful64@gmail.com

Abstract.

EIA socialization is the obligation of every mining business actor and is a very important part, in socializing AMDAL so that the public can know the activities carried out by the company. In order not to damage the environment and noise, for people who are active around the mining area. The Amdal socialization team conveyed the activities carried out so that the community could understand and know, so that in manganese mining activities carried out by PT. Elga Asta Media is located in Cera Village, Loloda District, North Halmahera Regency, North Maluku Province. Activities in the socialization of EIA were carried out in Cera Village with methods that were in accordance with the environmental conditions of the community. Conducted activities at the Cera Village office, Loloda Kepualauan Subdistrict, which was attended by the Loloda Kepulauan Camat, Head of Des, Village Apparatus, and the Community. Conducting socialization and interactive question and answer with the local community, the socialization of amdal was facilitated by the company and the sub-district government and village government. Socialization on mining activities based on an agreement between the company and the owner of the plant growing using the compensation method in accordance with applicable regulations and community agreements. Community service activities in the socialization of AMDAL can have a positive/significant impact on mining businesses and communities in the mining area, especially Cera, Dama, Dowonggila, and Salube Villages located in Loloda District, North Halmahera Regency, in order to commit to preserving the environment. properly and correctly.

Keywords: Socialization of Environmental Impact Analysis, PT. Elga Asta Media.

I. INTRODUCTION

The socialization of the environmental impact analysis (AMDAL) by PT Elga Asta Media in the Looda Islands sub-district is very important for people who are significantly affected by a business or activity that has an impact on the environment. One of them is the change in the landscape as a result of mining activities which can lead to erosion.[1] The socialization of the AMDAL in the Loloda Islands District has both positive and negative impacts on the community so that they can find out about the activities carried out by the initiator which will later have an impact on the environment and the social community around the mining area. Community service program in socializing the impacted EIA on the community manganese.[1] mining business activities are very important to minimize environmental damage. This is aimed at increasing the knowledge of the people who are significantly affected by the planned mining business activities.

[2] EIA socialization is the obligation of every mining business actor and is a very important part, in socializing AMDAL so that the public can know the activities carried out by the company. In order not to damage the environment and noise, for people who are active around the mining area.[3] The Amdal socialization team conveyed the activities carried out so that the community could understand and know, so that in manganese mining activities carried out by PT. Elga Asta Media is located in Cera Village, Loloda District, North Halmahera Regency, North Maluku Province. Loloda Islands District is an administrative area of North Halmahera Regency, North Maluku Province. This area includes Cera, Dama, Dowonggila and Salube Villages which are residential areas and are closely related to economic activities or community livelihoods such as farmers, fishermen. This activity aims to take advantage of the positive impacts and avoid the negative impacts that will arise from the planning and implementation of manganese mining activities carried out by PT. Elga Asta Media. In the Looda Archipelago District.

II. METHODS

Activities in the socialization of EIA are carried out in Cera Village with methods that are in accordance with the environmental conditions of the community

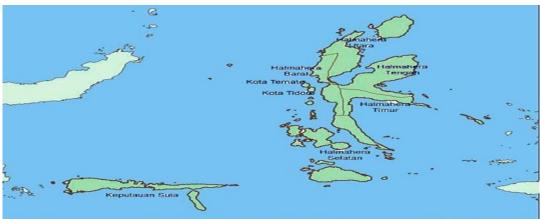
- 1. Conducting activities at the Cera Village office, Loloda Kepualauan Sub-district which was attended by the Loloda Kepulauan Camat, Head of Des, Village Apparatus, and the Community
- 2. Conducting socialization and interactive question and answer with the local community, the socialization of amdal activities is facilitated by the company and the sub-district government as well as the village government.
- 3. Socialization on mining activities based on an agreement between the company and the owner of the plant growing using the compensation method in accordance with applicable regulations and community agreements.

The target group for this amdal socialization activity is the community affected by manganese mining activities in the Loloda Islands District, followed by family members who live in Cera, Dama, dowonggila, and Salube villages.

III. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The results of the socialization activity of Environmental Impact Analysis (AMDAL) to the people of the Loloda Islands District showed that manganese mining activities had an impact on people's perceptions of manganese mining in this area.[1] Prior to mining socialization, residents who were aware of mining activities generally hoped that mining activities would provide new jobs for the local community. This socialization activity usually provides a clearer picture of the planned mining activity. The positive impact of the forecast is important because people express their expectations of the company.

[4] The AMDAL socialization activity was followed by an interactive discussion that in the implementation of its business activities, PT. Elga Asta Media will try seriously to maintain the,[1] environment because the function of the environment is an absolute part of the ecosystem of everyone's life, so the presence of the environment is actually very important in determining the presence and survival of humans as well as social, economic, and social impacts. and post-mining culture so that the community can be self-reliant.[5] The results of the AMDAL socialization activity that the status of the land is a State forest area in some parts of the area have been.[6] claimed or recognized by some communities around some of the arable land, thus PT. Elga Asta Media will acquire land affected by mining activities, through a compensation mechanism for growing plants by referring to the provisions set by the local government of North Halmahera Regency through the decision of the Regent of North Halmahera Regency regarding the determination of the basic price of land and plants.



IV. CONCLUSION

This community service activity is to improve Ukhuwa Islamiyah between Law Faculty Lecturers and North Maluku Muhammadiyah Regional Leaders, Religious Leaders, Students, and Orphans. Strengthening ties of friendship in building Ukhuwah Islamiyah Towards True People.

V. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Map of Location of Environmental Impact Assessment activities

After the AMDAL socialization activity by the Company and the community made a mutual agreement in maintaining and always preserving the environment so that undesirable things do not happen in the future after the post-mining, namely pollution and environmental.[5] damage in the Loloda Islands subdistrict. This community service activity in the socialization of the AMDAL, mediated by the Faculty of Law, University of Muhammadiyah North Maluku, aims to increase cooperation between the East Halmahera Regency Government and the community, in order to maintain the carrying capacity and capacity of the environment.

VI. CONCLUSION

Community service activities in the socialization of AMDAL can have a positive/significant impact on mining businesses and communities in the mining area, especially Cera, Dama, Dowonggila, and Salube Villages located in Loloda District, North Halmahera Regency, in order to commit to preserving the environment. properly and correctly.

VII. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The author would like to thank the North Halmahara Regency Government, the Faculty of Law, North Maluku Muhammadiyah University, the North Halmahara Regency Environment and Land Service, the Loloda Islands District Government and the Village Government, as well as the community for their participation in community service activities in EIA socialization,

REFERENCES

- [1] P. E. A. Media, "Analisis Menginai Dampak Lingkungan AMDAL," 2004.
- [2] Muhammad Akib, *Pengakan Hukum Lingkungan dalam Perspektif Holostik Ekologis*. Yogyakarta: GRAHA ILMU, 2015.
- [3] Otto Soemarwoto, Ekologi Lingkungan dan Pembangunan. jakarta: Djambatan, 1994.
- [4] Resvani, Tambang Untuk Negeri Sebua Inovasi Konsep. jakarta: Bhuana Ilmu Populer, 2017.
- [5] Supardi, Hukum Lingkungan Indonesia Sebua Pengantar. jakarta, 2006.
- [6] Gatot Suparmono, Hukum Pertambangan Mineraldan Batubara di Indonesia. jakarta: Rineka Cipta, 2006.